# 2021 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

# Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

City of Vernon

Taxing Unit Name

1725 Wilbarger St Vernon TX 76384

Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

940.552.2581

Phone (area code and number)

Date: 07/28/2021 03:52 PM

vernontx.gov

Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the No-New-Revenue (NNR) tax rate and Voter-Approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School Districts without Chapter 313 Agreements or or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49 001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

### SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together	
No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1. 2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2020 taxable value on the 2020 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing	\$423,975,538
(adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). <sup>1</sup>	
2. 2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>2</sup>	\$0
3. Preliminary 2020 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$423,975,538
4. 2020 total adopted tax rate.	\$0.53422/\$100
5. 2020 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2020 appraised value.	\$0
A. Original 2020 ARB values:	
B. 2020 values resulting from final court decisions:	\$0
C. 2020 value loss. Subtract B from A. <sup>3</sup>	\$0
6. 2020 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.	40
A. 2020 ARB certified value:	\$0 
B. 2020 disputed value:	\$0
C. 2020 undisputed value. Subtract B from A.4	\$0

7. 2020 Chapter 42 related adjusted values Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$0
8. 2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered reductions. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$423,975,538
9. 2020 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1,	\$0
<b>2020.</b> Enter the 2020 value of property in deannexed territory. <sup>5</sup>	Φ0
10. 2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2021. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2021 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2020 market value:	\$82,950
B. Partial exemptions. 2021 exemption amount or 2021 percentage exemption times 2020 value:	\$474,570
C. Value loss. Add A and B. <sup>5</sup>	\$557,520
11. 2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2021. Use only properties that qualified in 2021 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2020.	
A. 2020 market value:	\$0
B. 2021 productivity or special appraised value:	\$0
C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. <sup>7</sup>	\$0
12. Total adjustments for lost value. Add lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$557,520
13. 2020 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for	\$0
which 2020 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	20
14. 2020 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$423,418,018
5. Adjusted 2020 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	\$2,261,983
6. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2020. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 beaument errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020.	\$0
7. Adjusted 2020 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	\$2,261,983
8. Total 2021 taxable value on the 2021 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 11	
A. Certified values:	\$435,855,720
3. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	\$0
C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property xempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage	THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT O

system property:	
D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2021 taxes will be deposited	\$0
into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	\$0
E. Total 2021 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	
	\$435,855,720
19. Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	\$0
A. 2021 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14	
B. 2021 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about, but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	\$0
C. Total value under protest or not certified: Add A and B.	
20. 2021 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2021 total taxable value of	\$0
homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision	\$3,892,390
in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. 16  21. 2021 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	\$431,963,330
22. Total 2021 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2020.  Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2021 value of property in territory annexed. 18	\$0
23. Total 2021 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2020. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2020, and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2021. 19	\$914,400
24. Total adjustments to the 2021 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$914,400
25. Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$431,048,930 \$0.52476/\$100
26. 2021 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. <sup>20</sup>	ምስ ርጣ <i>ለግር ነ</i> ም ነ ሲለዘ

# levies. The total is the 2021 county NNR tax rate.<sup>21</sup>

Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(14)	
<sup>2</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(14)	
<sup>3</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)	
<sup>4</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)	
<sup>5</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(15)	
<sup>6</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(15)	
<sup>7</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)	
<sup>8</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)	
<sup>9</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.03(c)	20-
<sup>10</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)	
11 Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012,26.04(c-2)	

12Tex. Tax Code Section 26.03(c)
13Tex. Tax Code Section 26.01(c) and (d)
14Tex. Tax Code Section 26.01(c)
15Tex. Tax Code Section 26.01(d)
16Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(6)(b)
17Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(6)
18Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(17)
19Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(17)
20Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)
21Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(d)

<sup>22</sup>Reserved for expansion

# SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations

  2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds
- and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The Voter-Approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the Voter-Approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the Voter-Approval tax rate exceeds

the No-New-Revenue tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-Approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the No-New-Revenue tax rate to be higher than the voter-apple.	ne voter-Approvat tax rate exceeds roval tax rate.
Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28. 2020 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2020 M&O tax rate.	\$0.41818/\$100
29. 2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.	\$423,975,538
Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	
30. Total 2020 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100.	\$1,772,980
31. Adjusted 2020 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.	VOI
A. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020 Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020.	\$0
B. 2020 taxes in TIF Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2021 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.	\$0
C. 2020 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	\$0
D. 2020 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function.	\$0
E. Add Line 30 to 31D.	\$1,772,980
32. Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$431,048,930
33. 2021 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.41131/\$100
34. Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. <sup>23</sup>	
A. 2021 state criminal justice mandate: Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	\$0
B. 2020 state criminal justice mandate: Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies.	\$0

D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	
2. Ziver the face enterior in C. If not applicable, enter v.	\$0.00000/\$100
	\$0.00000/\$100
35. Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. <sup>24</sup>	\$0
A. 2021 indigent health care expenditures: Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.	
B. 2020 indigent health care expenditures: Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.	\$0
C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	
D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0.00000/\$100
	\$0.00000/\$100
66. Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. 25	\$0
A. 2021 indigent defense compensation expenditures: Enter the amount paid by a county of provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same burpose.	90
3. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures: Enter the amount paid by a county opposite appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same urpose.	\$0
C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.00000/\$100
Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	<b>AA</b> AAAA
L. Enter the lessor of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0.00000/\$100
7. Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. 26	\$0.00000/\$100
a. 2021 eligible county hospital expenditures: Enter the amount paid by the county or nunicipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on ally 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021.	\$0
. 2020 eligible county hospital expenditures: Enter the amount paid by the county or	

W/####################################	municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020.
\$0	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.
Secretary (Secretary)	D.Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.
\$0.00000/\$100	E. Enter the lessor of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.
\$0.00000/\$100	
\$0.00000/\$100	
\$0	38. Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26.0444 for more information.
\$0	A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year
	B. Expenditures for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money spent by the nunicipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year.
## 00000 ## 100	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.
\$0.00000/\$100	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.
\$0.00000/\$100	
	9. Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 8D.
	O. Adjustment for 2020 sales tax specifically to reduce property values. Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2020 hould complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2021 in section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.
\$0	<b>3</b>
\$0.00000	A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2020, if ny. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants rom the amount of sales tax spent.
\$0.41131	3. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.
	C. Add Line 40B to Line 39.
\$0.42570/\$100	1. 2021 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rates as calculated by the scenario below.  Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C

1	1
or - Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Lin	
40C by 1.035.	<sup>c</sup>
D41. Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2021 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected b	17
disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at	
least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located	1
in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval	
tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall	
continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of	
estimate to calculate the voter approval tax rate in this manner until the carrier of	
1. the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the	\$0.00000/\$100
total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or	
2. the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred.	
If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.27 If the taxing	
unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	
42. Total 2021 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue.	
Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:	NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR
(1) are paid by property taxes,	
(2) are secured by property taxes,	33.454.
(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year and	MATERIAL STATE OF THE STATE OF
(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses	NO CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF TH
A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts or	
behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only	EXPLOREM
amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budge	+
payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond,	\$549,100
warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021	
verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. <sup>28</sup>	1
Enter debt amount.	
Entor about amount.	\$9,826
B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	\$0
	<b>*</b>
C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)	\$0
D. Subtract amount paid from other resources.	\$539,274
	Φ337,27,
E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C, and D from A.	
43. Certified 2020 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 28	\$96
44. Adjusted 2021 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$539,178
45. 2021 anticipated collection rate.	
A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector: 29	100.00%
B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate	100.0078
B. Effet the 2020 actual conjection fale	99.99%
C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate	
	100.51%
D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate	
	100.85%
E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D,	***************************************
enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at	
	100.00%
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least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be	
greater than 100%. <sup>31</sup>	
46. 2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E	\$539,178
47. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$431,963,330
48. 2021 debt tax rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.12482/\$100
49. 2021 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$0.55052/\$100
D49. Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2021 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41.  Add Line D41 and 48.	\$0.00000/\$100
50. COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2021 county voter-approval tax rate.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.044

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c-1)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.0442

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(10) and 26.04(b)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.0442 <sup>29</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(b) <sup>26</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.0443

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(b)

# SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce

Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales

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Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51. Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or May 2021, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. 20 Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020, enter 0.	\$(
52. Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95.34  - or -  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020. Enter the sales tax	\$0
revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.  53. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax  Rate Worksheet.	\$431,963,330
54. Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.00000/\$100
55. 2021 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.52476/\$100
56. 2021 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021.  Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2020.	\$0.52476/\$100
57. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), or Line 50 (counties), as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.55052/\$100
58. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$0.55052/\$100

<sup>31</sup> Reserved for expansion

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.041(d)

<sup>32</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.041(d)

<sup>35</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

<sup>33</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.041(i)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Voter-Approval Protection for Pollution Control Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59. Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).	
Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. <sup>37</sup> The taxing unit shall	\$0
provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. 38	
60. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax	\$431,963,330
Rate Worksheet.	Ψ-J1,70J,JJ0
61. Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.00000/\$100
62. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of	
the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line	\$0.55052/\$100
58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.045(d)

<sup>38</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.045(i)

### SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 14 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; and <sup>40</sup>
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a);<sup>41</sup> or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval.<sup>42</sup>

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
<b>63. 2020 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0.00000
<b>64. 2019 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero	\$0
65. 2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2018 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0.00000
66. 2021 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$0.00000/\$100
67. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. 23 Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49(disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$0.55052/\$100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.013(a)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.013(c)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.063(a)(1)

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate		
The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 42		
This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a	a special taxing unit. 43	
De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate	
<b>68. Adjusted 2021 NNR M&amp;O tax rate.</b> Enter the rate from Line 39 of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i>	\$0.41131/\$100	
<b>69. 2021 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount on Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate</i> Worksheet.	\$431,963,330	
70. Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.11575	
71. 2021 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.12482/\$100	
72. De minimis rate. <sup>23</sup> Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$0.65188/\$100	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(8-a)
<sup>43</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.063(a)(1)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

### SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year. 46

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

NOTE: This section will not apply to any taxing units in 2021. It is added to implement Senate Bill 1438 (87th Regular Session) and does not apply to a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a declared disaster in 2020, as provided for in the recently repeated Tax Code Sections 26.04(c-1) and 26.041(c-1).

In future tax years, this section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- . directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year, and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.

In future tax years, this section will also apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73. 2020 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate	N/A
Worksheet.	
74. Adjusted 2020 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line.	
If a disaster occurred in 2020 and the taxing unit calculated its 2020 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2020 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2020 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49.	
- or -	
- or -If a disaster occurred prior to 2020 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2020, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2020 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier	N/A
of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. Enter the final adjusted 2020 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet.	
If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2020 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	
75. Increase in 2020 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	N/A
<b>76.</b> Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 13 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax</i> Rate Worksheet.	N/A
77. Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	N/A
78. Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	N/A
79. Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	N/A
80. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from	ata iki ka ka ka ka maran ka maka maka maka maka ka
one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49(disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	N/A

#### SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate

#### No-New-Revenue tax rate

\$0.52476/\$100

As applicable, enter the 2021 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax).

Indicate the line number used: 26

### Voter-Approval tax rate

As applicable, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line 50 (counties), Line

58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue).

\$0.55052/\$100

Indicate the line number used: 49

#### De minimis rate

If applicable, enter the de minimis rate from Line 70.

\$0.65188/\$100

# SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. 50

print here Marty Mangum

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Represents

sign here Taxing Unit Representative 7-28-2021

#### Date: 08/11/2020 02:20 PM

# **2020 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts**

City of Vernon	940.552.2581
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number
1725 Wilbarger St Vernon TX 76384, Vernon, TX, 76384	vernontx.gov
Taxing Unit Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller For 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do use this form but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

#### STEP 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
1.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2019 taxable value on the 2019 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (will deduct taxes in Line 17).[1]		\$414,974,659
2.	2019 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.[2]		\$0
3.	Preliminary 2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.		\$414,974,659
4.	2019 total adopted tax rate.	Bernard and the state of the st	\$.564710
5.	2019 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2019 appraised value.		
	A. Original 2019 ARB values:	\$0	
	B. 2019 values resulting from final court decisions:	\$0	
	C. 2019 value loss. Subtract B from A.[3]		\$0

Line	No-New-Revenue Rate Activity		Amount/Ra
6.	2019 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.		
	A. 2019 ARB certified value:	0	
	B. 2019 disputed value:	0	
	C. 2019 undisputed value Subtract B from A.[4]		
7.	2019 Chapter 42-related adjusted values. Add Line 5 and 6	}	
8.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for court-ordered reductions. Add Lines 3 and 7		\$414,974,65
9.	2019 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan.  1, 2019. Enter the 2019 value of property in deannexed territory.[5]		\$
10.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2020. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2020 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.		
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2019 market value:	\$82,950	
***************************************	B. Partial exemptions. 2020 exemption amount or 2020 percentage exemption times 2019 value:	\$532,920	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B.[6]		\$615,870
11.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2020. Use only properties that qualified in 2020 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2019.		
	A. 2019 market value:	<u>\$0</u>	
	B. 2020 productivity or special appraised value:	\$0	111 115 <sub>1</sub> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A.[7]		\$0
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.		\$615,870
13.	Adjusted 2019 taxable value. Subtract Line 12 from Line 8		\$414,358,789
14.	Adjusted 2019 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100		\$2,339,925
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding tax year 2019. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019.[8]		\$0
16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2019 Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.[9]		\$0
17.	Adjusted 2019 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 14, and 15, subtract Line 16.[10]		\$2,339,925
18.	Total 2020 taxable value on the 2020 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.[11]		
	A. Certified values:	\$423,975,538	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office.	\$0	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property	\$0	
77.	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2020 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new	\$0	

Line	No-New-Revenue Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
	property value that will be included in Line 23 below.[12]		
	E. Total 2020 value Add A and B, then subtract C and D		\$423,975,538
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll.[13]		
	A. 2020 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest.[14]	\$0	
	B. 2020 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll.[15]	\$0	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.		\$0
20.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.[16]		\$0
21.	2020 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20C.[17]		\$423,975,538
22.	Total 2020 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2019. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2020 value of property in territory annexed.[18]		\$0
23.	Total 2020 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2019. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2019 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2020.[19]		\$409,310
24.	Total adjustments to the 2020 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.		\$409,310
25.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.		\$423,566,228
26.	2020 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100.[20]	1	\$.552430 /\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2020 county NNR tax rate.[21]		
Tex T	ax Code Section [2]Tex. Tax Code Section		

[1]Tex. Tax Code Section	[2]Tex. Tax Code Section
[3]Tex. Tax Code Section	[4]Tex. Tax Code Section
[5]Tex. Tax Code Section	[6]Tex. Tax Code Section
[7]Tex. Tax Code Section	[8] Tex. Tax Code Section
[9]Tex. Tax Code Section	[10]Tex. Tax Code Section
[11]Tex. Tax Code Section	[12]Tex. Tax Code Section
[13]Tex. Tax Code Section	[14]Tex. Tax Code Section
[15]Tex. Tax Code Section	[16]Tex. Tax Code Section
[17]Tex. Tax Code Section	[18]Tex. Tax Code Section
[19]Tex. Tax Code Section	[20]Tex. Tax Code Section
[21]Tex. Tax Code Section	

#### STEP 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. **Debt Rate:** The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter Approval Tax Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
28.	2019 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2019 M&O tax rate.		\$.412420
29.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		414,974,659
30.	Total 2019 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by 100.		1,711,438
31.	Adjusted 2019 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.		
	A. 2019 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. For cities, counties and hospital districts, enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2019, if any. Other taxing units, enter 0. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent.	0	
	B. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019.	0	
	C. 2019 taxes in TIF: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.	0	
	<b>D. 2019 transferred function:</b> If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in E below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in E below. Other taxing units enter 0.	0	
	E. 2019 M&O levy adjustments. Add A and B, then subtract C. For taxing unit with D, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	0	
	F. Add Line 30 to 31E.		1,711,438
32.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		423,566,228
33.	2020 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted) Divide Line 31F by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.		0.40405
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate.[23]		
	A. 2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	0	
	B. 2019 state criminal justice mandate Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	O	

Line	Voter Approval Tax Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0.00000	
	<b>D.</b> Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		0.00000
35.	Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures[24]		
	A. 2020 indigent health care expenditures Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	0	
	<b>B. 2019 indigent health care expenditures</b> Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	0	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0.00000	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		0.00000
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation.[25]		
	A. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	0	
	<b>B. 2019 indigent defense compensation expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	0	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0.00000	
	<b>D.</b> Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	0.00000	
	E. Enter the lessor of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.		0.00000
37.	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures.		
	A. 2020 eligible county hospital expenditures Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020	0	
	B. 2019 eligible county hospital expenditures Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019	0	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0.00000	
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0.00000	
	E. Enter the lessor of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.		0.00000
38.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E.		0.40405
39.	2020 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below.  Special Taxing Unit If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 38 by 1.08  -or-  Other Taxing Unit If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 38 by 1.035.  -or-  Taxing unit affected by disaster declaration If the taxing unit is located in an area declared as disater area, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the second year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, and 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred. If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 38 by 1.08. [27]		0.41819

Line	Voter Approval Tax Rate Activity	<b>*</b>	Amount/Rat
40.	Total 2020 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.		
***************************************	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments.  Enter debt amount	495,725	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	0	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt(enter zero if none)	0	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources	0	
	E. Adjusted debt Subtract B, C and D from A		495,725
41.	Certified 2019 excess debt collections Enter the amount certified by the collector.		3,717
42.	Adjusted 2020 debt Subtract Line 41 from Line 40E		492,008
43.	2020 anticipated collection rate.		
	A. Enter the 2020 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector	100.00	
	B. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate	100.51	
	C. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate	100.85	
	D. Enter the 2017 actual collection rate	99.66	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%.		100.00
44.	2020 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 42 by Line 43E.		492,008
45.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		423,975,538
46.	2020 debt rate Divide Line 44 by Line 45 and multiply by \$100.		0.11604
47.	2020 voter-approval tax rate. Add Line 39 and 46.		0.53423
48.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rate for each type of tax		

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
49.	Taxable sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or May 2020, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters [32]. Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019, skip this line.	0
50.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue.[33]	0
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020.	
	Multiply the amount on Line 49 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as	
	applicable) and multiply the result by .95 [34] -or-	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019. Enter the sales	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	

Line	. Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	423,975,538
52.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 50 by Line 51 and multiply by \$100.	0.00000
53.	2020 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax[35]. Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$.552430
54.	2020 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020.  Subtract Line 52 from Line 53. Skip to Line 55 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2019.	\$.552430
55.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.[36] Enter the rate from Line 47 or Line 48 as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	0.53423
56.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 52 from Line 55.  Tax Code Section 138/Tax Tax Code Section	0.53423

[37] Tex. Tax Code Section [38] Tex. Tax Code Section

#### STEP 4: Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O Funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

This section should only by completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air,

water or land pollution.

Activity	Amount/Rate
Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ [37]. The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter.[38]	\$0
2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$423,975,538
Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 57 by Line 58 and multiply by \$100.	0.00000
2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 59 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 47, Line 48 (counties) or Line 56 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	0.53423
	certified in the determination letter from TCEQ [37]. The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter.[38]  2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.  Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 57 by Line 58 and multiply by \$100.

[37] Tex. Tax Code Section [38] Tex. Tax Code Section

# STEP 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years [39]. In a year where a special taxing unit adopts a rate above the voter-approval tax rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

For each tax year before 2020, the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval rate is considered zero, therefore the unused increment rate for 2020 is zero.[40]

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. [41]

Line	Activity	Amount/Rate
61.	<b>2019 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	0.00000
62,	2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2028 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	0.00000
63.	<b>2017 unused increment rate.</b> Subtract the 2017 actual tax rate and the 2017 unused increment rate from the 2017 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	0.00000
64.	2020 unused increment rate. Add Lines 61, 62 and 63.	0.00000
65.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 64 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 47, Line 48 (counties), Line 56 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 60 (taxing units with pollution control).	

#### STEP 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit.[42]

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. [43]

Line	Activity	Amount/Rate
66.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 38 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	0.40405
67.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	423,975,538
68.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 67 and multiply by \$100.	0.11793
69.	2020 debt rate Enter the rate from Line 46 of the Voter- Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	0.11604
70.	De minimis rate Add Lines 66, 68 and 69.	0.63802

#### STEP 7: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-new-revenue tax rate	0.55243	}
Voter-Approval Tax Rate	0.53423	<b>3</b> -
De minimis rate	0.63802	2

STEP 8: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

Taxing Unit Representative

Date Date

# 2019 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

# Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

City of Vernon

Taxing Unit Name

1725 Wilbarger St Vernon TX 76384

Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

940.552.2581

Phone (area code and number)

Date: 08/02/2019 01:29 PM

vernontx.gov

Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the effective tax rate and rollback tax rate for the appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet for School Districts

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.

This worksheet is provided to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

CECTION 1. Described for interpretations of taw regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.	
SECTION 1: Effective Tax Rate (No New Taxes)	
The effective tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the effective tax rate should decr	would produce the same amount of ease.
The effective tax rate for a county is the sum of the effective tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies	
Effective Tax Rate Activity	Amount/Rate
1. 2018 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2018 taxable value on the 2018 tax roll	
today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section	
[25,25(d) one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. This total includes the	\$408,063,480
taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value	Ψ 100,000,400
for tax increment financing (will deduct taxes in Line 14). 1	
2. 2018 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2018 total taxable	
value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65	
or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling	\$0
provision in 2018 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>2</sup>	
3. Preliminary 2018 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$408,063,480
4. 2018 total adopted tax rate.	\$0.56471/\$100
5. 2018 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2018	
appraised value.	
	\$0
A. Original 2018 ARB Values.	
B. 2018 values resulting from final court decisions.	\$0
2010 values resulting from mai court decisions.	ΨΟ
C. 2018 value loss. Subtract B from A.3	
	\$0
6. 2018 taxable value, adjusted for court-ordered reductions. Add Line 3 and Line 5C.	\$408,063,480
7. 2018 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1,	so
2018. Enter the 2018 value of property in deannexed territory. <sup>4</sup>	JV
8. 2018 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2019.	
Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption does not create a new	
exemption or reduce taxable value. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use	
ine difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount	
Do not include value lost to freeport or goods-in-transit exemptions.	1
A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2018 market value:	\$43,490
	טכד, כדע
B. Partial exemptions. 2019 exemption amount or 2019 percentage exemption times 2018	
value:	\$216,630
https://orbush.acttav.com/int/annian/inned-less.com/inned-less.com/int/annian/inned-less.com/inned-le	

C. Value loss. Add A and B. <sup>5</sup>	\$260,120
9. 2018 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-	
d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport	
special appraisal in 2019. Use only properties that qualified in 2019 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2018.	
not use properties that quantien in 2018.	
A. 2018 market value:	
	\$0
B. 2019 productivity or special appraised value:	
production of approximation of the second of	\$0
C. Value loss. Subtract B from A.6	
	\$0
10. Total adjustments for lost value. Add lines 7, 8C and 9C.	\$260,120
11. 2018 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 10 from Line 6.	\$407,803,360
12. Adjusted 2018 taxes. Multiply Line 4 by Line 11 and divide by \$100.	\$2,302,906
13. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes refunded	
by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2018. Types of refunds include court	
decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11	so
payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2018. This line applies only to tax years	90
preceding tax year 2018. <sup>7</sup>	
14. Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes	***************************************
paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the	أم
taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.8	\$0
16 Adjusted 2019 tayes with the first and the life 10D, enter U.	
15. Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract	\$2.202.004
Line 14.9	\$2,302,906
16. Total 2019 taxable value on the 2019 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 18). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 10	
A. Certified values:	\$415,814,701
B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	so
C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property	
exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage	
system property:	so
	30
D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2019 captured appraised value of property taxable	1
by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2019 taxes will be deposited	
into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in	so
Line 21 below.11	
E. Total 2019 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	
The substitution of the su	\$415,814,701
17. Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 12	3413,014,701
12 And or Proportion under process of not included on certified appraisal roll.	
A. 2019 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of	
properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the	\$0
taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of	Ψ0
the properties under protect use the lowest afternoon and the properties under protect use the lowest afternoon and the properties under protect use the lowest afternoon and the properties under protect use the lowest afternoon and the properties under the properties under the properties under the properties under the properties and the properties are t	
the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value. 13	
https://actweb.acttax.com/int/application/reports/1564770546107.html	2/7
	<del></del> *

B. 2019 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about, but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value. 14  C. Total value under protest or not certified: Add A and B.	or SC
	\$0
18. 2019 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2018 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. 15	
19. 2019 total taxable value. Add Lines 16E and 17C. Subtract Line 18.	\$415,814,701
20. Total 2019 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2018. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2019 value of property in territory annexed. 16	\$0
21. Total 2019 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2018. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2018, and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2019. 17	\$80,170
22. Total adjustments to the 2019 taxable value. Add Lines 20 and 21.	\$80,170
23. 2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 22 from Line 19.	\$415,734,531
24. 2019 effective tax rate. Divide Line 15 by Line 23 and multiply by \$100. 18	\$0.55393/\$100
25. COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the effective tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2019 county effective tax rate. 19	

<sup>1</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(14)	<sup>9</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)
<sup>2</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(14)	<sup>10</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012
<sup>3</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)	11 Tex. Tax Code Section 26.03(c)
<sup>4</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(15)	12Tex. Tax Code Section 26.01(c) and (d)
<sup>5</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(15)	13 Tex. Tax Code Section 26.01(c)
<sup>6</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(15)	14Tex. Tax Code Section 26.01(d)
<sup>7</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)	15 Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(6)
<sup>8</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.03(c)	<sup>16</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(17)

# DEULIUN 2: Kollback Tax Rate

The rollback tax rate is split into two separate rates

Maintenance and Operations (M&O): The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus eight percent. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
 Debt: The debt tax rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and

other debt secured by property tax revenue

The rollback tax rate for a county is the sum of the rollback tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the rollback tax rate exceeds the effective tax rate,

Rollback Tax Rate Activity	Amount/Rate
26. 2018 maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate.	\$0.39346/\$100
27. 2018 adjusted taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 11.	\$407,803,360
,o. 2010 Mee (axes.	
A. Multiply Line 26 by Line 27 and divide by \$100.	\$1,604,543
3. Cities, counties and hospital districts with additional sales tax: Amount of additional ales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2018. Enter amount from full year's sales	90
ax revenue spent for M&O in 2018 fiscal year, if any. Other taxing units enter 0. Counties exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of ales tax spent.	\$0
C. Counties: Enter the amount for the state criminal justice mandate. If second or later year, ne amount is for increased cost above last year's amount. Other taxing units enter 0.	\$0
Transferring function: If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and ransferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing nit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If he taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent at the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit is is continuing the function will subtract this amount in H below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in H below. Other taxing units enter 0.	\$0
Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2018: Enter the amount of M&O taxes funded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court ecisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 ayment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2018. This line applies only to tax years receding tax year 2018.	\$0
Enhanced indigent health care expenditures: Enter the increased amount for the current ear's enhanced indigent health care expenditures above the preceding tax year's enhanced digent health care expenditures, less any state assistance.	\$0
Taxes in TIF: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a investment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured praised value in Line 16D, enter 0.	\$0
Adjusted M&O Taxes. Add A, B, C, E and F. For taxing unit with D, subtract if scontinuing function and add if receiving function. Subtract G.	\$1,604,543
. 2019 adjusted taxable value. Enter Line 23 from the Effective Tax Rate Worksheet	\$415,734,531
. 2019 effective maintenance and operations rate. Divide Line 28H by Line 29 and altiply by \$100.	\$0.38595/\$100
. 2019 rollback maintenance and operation rate. Multiply Line 30 by 1.08.	\$0.41682/\$100
. Total 2019 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue.	ψυ, Τι Ου2/ψ100
s://actweb.acttax.com/tnt/application/reports/1564770546107.html	4/7

(2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. Enter debt amount.	\$633,250
B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	
C. Subtract amount paid from other resources.	so
D. Adjusted debt. Subtract B and C from A.	\$0
	\$622.750
33. Certified 2018 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector.	\$633,250
34. Adjusted 2019 debt. Subtract Line 33 from Line 32D.	<u>\$0</u>
35. Certified 2019 anticipated collection rate. Enter the rate certified by the collector. If	\$633,250
the rate is 100 percent or greater, enter 100 percent.	100.00%
36. 2019 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 34 by Line 35	\$633,250
37. 2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 19.	\$415,814,701
38. 2019 debt tax rate. Divide Line 36 by Line 37 and multiply by \$100.	
39. 2019 rollback tax rate. Add Lines 31 and 38.	\$0.15229/\$100
40. COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the rollback tax rates for each type of tax the county	\$0.56911/\$100
levies. The total is the 2019 county rollback tax rate.	

SECTION 5: Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its effective and rollback tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its effective tax rate and/or rollback tax rate because it adopted the additional sales

Activity	
	Amount/Rate
41. Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2018 or May 2019, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. 20 Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2018, skip this line.	\$0
42. Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. <sup>21</sup>	
Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2018 or in May 2019.  Multiply the amount on Line 41 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. <sup>22</sup>	\$0
Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2018.  Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	
43. 2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$415,814,701
44. Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 42 by Line 43 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
45. 2019 effective tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. 23 Enter the rate from Line 24 or 25, as applicable, on the Effective Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.55393/\$100
46. 2019 effective tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2018 or in May 2019.  Subtract Line 44 from Line 45. Skip to Line 47 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2018.	\$0.55393/\$100
47. 2019 rollback tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. <sup>24</sup> Enter the rate from Line 39 or 40, as applicable, of the Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.56911/\$100
48. 2019 rollback tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 44 from Line 47.	\$0.56911/\$100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(17)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

<sup>19</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(d)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.041(d)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.041(i)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.041(d)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

# SECTION 4: Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control Activity	Amount/Poto
49. Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).	
Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. <sup>25</sup> The taxing unit shall	\$0
provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. <sup>26</sup>	
50. 2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$415,814,701
51. Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 49 by Line 50 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
52. 2019 rollback tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 51 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 39, Line 40 (counties) or Line 48 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	

SECTION 5: Total Tax Rate	
Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.  Effective tax rate (Line 24; line 25 for counties; or line 46 if adjusted for sales tax)  Rollback tax rate (Line 39; line 40 for counties; or line 48 if adjusted for sales tax)  Rollback tax rate adjusted for pollution control (Line 52)	\$0.55393 \$0.56911 \$0.56911
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$U.20711

# SECTION 6: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the taxing unit.

print here Marty Mangum Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

 8-2-2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.045(d)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.045(i)

# 2018 Sample Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

City of Vernon, Texas	940-552-2581
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
1825 Wilberger, Vernon, Texas 76384	http://www.vernonbc.gov/
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the effective tax rate and rollback tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Sample Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet for School Districts.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Sample Water District Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this sample worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

#### SECTION 1: Effective Tax Rate (No New Taxes)

The effective tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the effective tax rate should decrease.

The effective tax rate for a county is the sum of the effective tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

Une	Effective Tax Rate Activity	Amount/Rate
1.	2017 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2017 taxable value on the 2017 tax roll today, include any adjustments since fast year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (will deduct taxas in Line 14).	\$ 398,400,276.00
2.	2017 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2017 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0, if your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2017 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.2	\$0.00
3.	Preliminary 2017 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	s 398,400,276.00
4.	2017 total adopted tax rate.	\$58471_/\$100
5.	2017 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2017 appraised value.	
	A. Original 2017 ARB values:	
	B. 2017 values resulting from final court decisions:s 0.00	
	C. 2017 value loss. Subtract B from A.3	s 0.00
6.	2017 taxable value, adjusted for court-ordered reductions. Add Line 3 and Line 5C.	s 398,400,276.00
7.	2017 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2017. Enter the 2017 value of property in deannexed territory.	\$0.00

Tex. Tex Code § 26.012(14) Tex. Tex Code § 26.012(14) Tex. Tex Code § 26.012(13) Tex. Tex Code § 26.012(15)

Um	e Effective Tax Rate Activity	Amount/Rate
8.	2017 taxable value tost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2018. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport or goods-in-transit exemptions.	
1	A. Absolute exemptions, Use 2017 market value: \$ 141,740.00	
	B. Partial exemptions, 2018 exemption amount or 2018 percentage exemption times 2017 value:	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B.5	s182,690.00
9.	2017 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2018. Use only properties that qualified in 2018 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2017.	
	A. 2017 market value:	
	B. 2018 productivity or special appraised value:	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A.f	s0.00
10.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 7, 8C and 9C.	s 182,690.00
11.	2017 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 10 from Line 6	s 398,217,586.00
12,	Adjusted 2017 taxes. Multiply Line 4 by Line 11 and divide by \$100,	s 2,248,774.53
13.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2017. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2017. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2017. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2017.	s0.00
14.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2017. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2018 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.*	s0.00
15,	Adjusted 2017 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract Line 14.*	s2,248,774.53
16.	Total 2016 taxable value on the 2018 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 18). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. <sup>10</sup>	
	A. Certified values:	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: + \$	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of properly exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2018 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2018 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 21 below."  —\$	
İ	E. Total 2018 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	s 405,940,770.00
		2

<sup>\*</sup> Tex. Tex Code § 28.012(15)

\* Tex. Tex Code § 28.012(15)

\* Tex. Tex Code § 28.012(13)

\* Tex. Tex Code § 26.012(13)

Lin	Effective Tax Rate Activity	Amount/Rate
17	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. Total	
	A. 2018 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value. <sup>13</sup>	
	B. 2018 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll.  The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about, but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year	
	and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate).  Enter the total value." + \$ 0.00	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified, Add A and B.	\$0.00
18.	2018 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2018 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2017 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>15</sup>	s0.00
19.	2018 total taxable value, Add Lines 15E and 17C. Subtract Line 18.	\$
20.	Total 2018 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2017. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2018 value of property in territory annexed. <sup>16</sup>	\$ 405,940,770.00
21.	Total 2018 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2017. An improvement is a building, structure, fluture or fance erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraisal value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2017, and be located in a new improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2018. <sup>17</sup>	s 296,710.00
22.	Total adjustments to the 2018 taxable value, Add Lines 20 and 21.	s 296,710.00
23.	2018 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 22 from Line 19.	s 405,644,060.00
24.	2018 effective tax rate. Divide Line 15 by Line 23 and multiply by \$100.™	s 55437 /s100
25.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the effective tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2018 county effective tax rate."	\$

<sup>17</sup> Tex. Tex Code § 28.07 (c) and (d)
18 Tex. Tex Code § 28.07 (c)
14 Tex. Tex Code § 28.07 (d)
15 Tex. Tex Code § 28.072 (8)
15 Tex. Tex Code § 26.072 (17)
17 Tex. Tex Code § 26.072 (17)
18 Tex. Tex Code § 26.072 (17)
18 Tex. Tex Code § 26.04 (c)
18 Tex. Tex Code § 26.04 (d)

#### SECTION 2: Rollback Tax Rate

The rollback tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O): The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus eight percent. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- Debt: The debt tax rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The rollback tax rate for a county is the sum of the rollback tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies, in most cases the rollback tax rate exceeds the effective tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the effective tax rate to be higher than the rollback tax rate.

Line	Rollback Tax Rate Activity	Amount/Rate
26.	2017 maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate.	\$ <u>.38794</u> /\$100
27.		s 398,217,586.00
28.	2017 M&O taxes.	en de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la companya del la companya de la
	A. Multiply Line 26 by Line 27 and divide by \$100	
	B. Cities, counties and hospital districts with additional sales tax: Amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2017. Enter amount from full year's sales tax revenue spent for M&O in 2017 fiscal year, if any. Other taxing units enter 0. Counties exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	
	C. Counties: Enter the amount for the state criminal justice mandate. If second or later year, the amount is for increased cost above last year's amount. Other taxing units enter 0	
	D. Transferring function: If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in H below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in H below. Other taxing units enter 0	
	E. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2017: Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2017. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2017.	
	F. Enhanced Indigent health care expenditures: Enter the increased amount for the current year's enhanced indigent health care expenditures above the preceding tax year's enhanced indigent health care expenditures, less any state assistance	,
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	G. Taxes in TIF: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2018 captured appraised value in Une 16D, enter 0	
	H. Adjusted M&O Taxas. Add A, B, C, E and F. For taxing unit with D, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function. Subtract G.	s 1,544,845.00
29.	2018 adjusted taxable value. Enter Line 23 from the Sample Effective Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 405,644,060.00
30.	2018 effective maintenance and operations rate. Divide Line 28H by Line 29 and multiply by \$100.	s380837_/s100
31.	2018 rollback maintenance and operation rate. Multiply Line 30 by 1.08.	s .411303 /s100

# Texas Comptoller of Public Accounts

Line	Rollback Tax Rate Activity	Amount/Rate
32.	Total 2018 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:	
	(1) are paid by property taxes,	
	(2) are secured by property taxes.	
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and	
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above, include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments.	
	Enter debt amount. \$ 880,538.00	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	C. Subtract amount paid from other resources	
	D. Adjusted debt. Subtract B and C from A.	s660,404.00
33.	Certified 2017 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector.	s 0.00
34.	Adjusted 2018 debt. Subtract Line 33 from Line 32D.	s 660,404.00
35.	Certified 2018 anticipated collection rate. Enter the rate certified by the collector. If the rate is 100 percent or greater, enter 100 percent.	95 <sub>%</sub>
36.	2018 debt adjusted for coffections. Divide Line 34 by Line 35	s 695,162.00
37.	2016 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 19.	s 405,940,770.00
38.	2016 debt tax rate. Divide Line 36 by Line 37 and multiply by \$100.	\$171247 <sub>/\$100</sub>
39.	2016 rollback tax rate, Add Lines 31 and 38.	s58255 /\$100
40.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the rollback tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2018 county rollback tax rate.	\$/\$100

### SECTION 3: Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its effective and reliberate tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its effective tax rate and/or rollback tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Activity	Amount/Rate
41.	Taxable Seles. For taxing units that adopted the seles tax in November 2017 or May 2018, enter the Comptroffer's estimate of taxable seles may be obtained through the Comptroffer's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the seles tax before November 2017, skip this line.	\$
42.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Countles exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue.**	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2017 or in May 2018. Multiply the amount on Line 41 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95.22 - or -	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2017. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Tex. Tex Code § 25.041(d)
\*\* Tex. Tex Code § 25.041(f)
\*\* Tex. Tex Code § 25.041(d)

# Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

Line	Activity 1.1	Amount/Rate
43,	2018 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
44.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 42 by Line 43 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100
45.	2018 effective tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. <sup>25</sup> Enter the rate from Line 24 or 25, as applicable, on the Sample Effective Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$/\$100
46.	2018 effective tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2017 or in May 2018. Subtract Line 44 from Line 45. Skip to Line 47 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2017.	\$/\$100
47.	2015 rollback tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. <sup>24</sup> Enter the rate from Line 39 or 40, as applicable, of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$/\$100
48.	2018 rollback tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 44 from Line 47.	\$/\$100

#### SECTION 4: Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partity to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land policition.

Line	Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control Activity	A	mount/R	ste
49.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. <sup>3</sup> The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. <sup>3</sup>	<b>s</b>	<del></del>	
50.	2018 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.	s		
51.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 49 by Line 50 and multiply by \$100.	\$		/\$100
52.	2018 rollback tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 51 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 39, Line 40 (counties) or Line 48 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	<b>s</b>		_/\$100
SEC	TION 5: Total Tax Rate			N Th
Indic	ate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.			
(	Effective tax rate (Line 24; line 25 for countles; or line 48 if adjusted for sales tax)	s5	5437	/\$100
f	Rolliback tax rate ((Line 39; line 40 for countles; or line 48 if adjusted for sales tax)	s5	8255	_/\$100
F	Rolliback tax rate adjusted for pollution control (Line 52)	\$5	8255	_/\$100
SEC	TION 6: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature			
Enler	the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit,			
prin her	4			
_1	Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative			
sigr hen				فلنا والمناوي والمستعمدون
	Tayloo   Init Representative			

<sup>\*\*</sup> Tex. Tex Code § 26.04(c)
\*\* Tex. Tex Code § 26.04(c)
\*\* Tex. Tex Code § 26.045(d)

<sup>\*</sup> Tex. Tex Code \$ 26.045(1)

# 2017 - EFFECTIVE TAX RATE WORKSHEET

### **2016 - EFFECTIVE TAX RATE WORKSHEET**

2016			2015	Total Taxable Value on the Tax Reli Toda	
	Total Taxable Value on the Tax Roll Today			(See WC Jurisdiction Totals- Adjusted Tax	
	(See WC Jurisdiction Totals - Adjusted Tax			Balance as of June \$1,504,792 /Tax Rate	
	Balance as of June/Tax Rate*100)	400,826,399.11		\$.38270°100)	SEE STATES
201 <del>6</del>	Tax Ceilings	•	2015	Tax Cellings	-
	Adjusted Tarable Value	400,826,399.11		Adjusted Taxable Value	393,204,181
2016	Total Adopted Tax Rate	0.38721	2015	Total Adopted Tex Rete	63820
2016	Value Lost to Court Appeals	•	2015	Value Lost to Court Appeals	•
	Value of Property Deannexed	•		Value of Property Deannexed	
	Value Lost - First qualified for exemptions	625,660		Value Lost - First qualified for exemptions	100
	Value Lost - First time Ag appraisal	•		Value Lost - first time Ag appraisal	
	Total Adjustments for Value Lost	625,660.00		Total Adjustments for Value Lost	536,370
2016		400,200,739.11	2015	ADJUSTED TAXABLE VALUE	392,667,811
2016			2015	ADJUSTED TAXES	
	not lactuale corrunt year refunds or PEI)	1,549,617.28		(Bees not include current year refunds or PEI)	1,502,740
	Taxes refunded for years preceding current			Taxes refunded for years preceding curren	
	tax year	574,34		tax year	3.438
	Taxes paid into TIF for current tax year			Taxes paid into TIF for current tax year	
	Adjusted Taxes	1,550,191.62		Adjusted Taxes	1,505,153
2017	Taxable Value on Certified Rolls	400,665,100	2016	Taxable Value on Certified Rolls	Ø99,500382
	Properties under protest	-		Properties under protest	•
	Tax Cellings	•		Tax Cellings	
2017	Total Certified Taxable Value	400,665,100	2016	Total Certified Taxable Value	399,500,382
	Property Annexed after January 1	-		Property Annexed after January 1	•
	Value of New Improvements	157,100.00		Value of New Improvements	251370
	Total Adjustments of Taxable Value	157,100.00		Total Adjustments of Taxable Value	651,370
2017	ADHUSTED TAXABLE VALUE	400,506,000	2016	ADJUSTED TAXABLE VALUE	398,849,012
2017	EFFECTIVE TAX RATE	0.38706	2016	EFFECTIVE TAX RATE	0.37737
2017	MAXIMUM OPERATING RATE (\$%)	0.41502	2016	MAXIMUM OPERATING RATE (8%)	0.40756
	DEST RATE	0.17677		DEBT RATE	0.17750
2017	TOTAL ROLLBACK RATE	0.59480	2016	TOTAL ROLLBACK RATE	0.58506
	Warning of the state of the sta			T	1
	Texes Generated & Effective Tax Rate			Taxes Generated @ Effective Tax Rate	
	(0.38293) x 94% Collections Taxes Generated & Rollback Rate	1,457,180		(0.37737) x 94% Coffections Taxes Generated @ Rollback Rate	1,414,144
	(0.41357) x 94% Collections	1,573,755		(0.40756) x 94% Collections	1,528,031
	Taxes Generated @ Current Rate (5.38721)	++31,33		Taxes Generated @ Current Rate	150,0351
	# 94% Collections	1,457,759		(5.38270) x 94% Collections	1,434,811
		wines is a a		Harmon of M Gald Sourceston	27707021
&S Tax I	Rate Support	N	S Tax R	ate Support	
	2017 Taxable Assessed Valuation	400,508,000		2016 Taxable Assessed Valuation	398.849.012
	500	de sinas (in al finale de la fin			ica da Germandi batis de Albada parte de

707,995

	_			
185	Tax	Rate	: 500	oort

2017 Taxable Assessed Valuation Current Year Debt Service (\$667,920 x 106%)

2016 Taxable Assessed Valuation Current Year Debt Service (\$720,000 x 106%)

763,200

0.17677% The extent data corn calculations allows anothers to sold on additional SX to the USS flate based on a collection rate

# **2015 - EFFECTIVE TAX RATE WORKSHEET**

2014			
****	Total Taxable Value on the Tax Roll Today		
	(See WC Jurisdiction Totals - Adjusted Tax		
	Baiance as of June/Tax Rate*100)	377,921,781.58	
2014	Tax Ceilings	-	
****	Adjusted Taxable Value	377,921,781.58	
2014	Total Adopted Tax Rate	0.38000	
	·		
2014	Value Lost to Court Appeals	-	
	Value of Property Deannexed	•	
	Value Lost - First qualified for exemptions	303,820	
	Value Lost - First time ad appraisal	•	
	Total Adjustments for Value Lost	303,820.00	
2014	ADJUSTED TAXABLE VALUE	377,617,961.58	
2014	ADJUSTED TAXES		
	(Does not include current year refunds or P&I)	1,434,948.25	
	laxes retunded for years preceding current		
	tax year	174.63	
	Taxes paid into TIF for current tax year	-	
	Adjusted Taxes	1,435,122.88	
2015	Taxable Value on Certified Rolls	404,976,330	
	Properties under protest	-	
	Tax Ceilings	<del>-</del>	
2015	Total Certified Taxable Value	404,976,330	
	Property Annexed after January 1	<del></del>	
	Value of New Improvements	-	
	Total Adjustments of Taxable Value	*	
2015	ADJUSTED TAXABLE VALUE	404,976,330	0.0741
2015	EFFECTIVE TAX RATE	0.35437	
2015	MAXIMUM OPERATING RATE (8%) DEBT RATE	0.38272	
2015	TOTAL ROLLBACK RATE	0.38272	
	Stroctive Tay Pate - 55k/O Tayor Consumer		
	Effective Tax Rate - M&O Taxes Generated at 94% Collections	<b>.</b>	
		1,349,015.51	
	Maximum M&O Taxes Generated at 94% Collections		
	CONECTIONS	1,456,936.75	

**&S Tax Rate Support** 

**Total Rollback Rate** 

2015 Taxable Assessed Valuation 404,976,330 Current Year Debt Service 1,356,315

The actual debt rate calculations allows entities to add an additional 6% to the I&S Rate based on a collection rate of 94%

	 otal Debt Levy	I&S Rate	M&O Rate	Total Rate
25% Supported by I&S Tax Rate \$339,079	\$ 359,424	0.08875	0.38272	0.47147
50% Supported by I&S Tax Rate \$678,158	\$ 718,847	0.17750	0.38272	0.56023
75% Supported by I&S Tax Rate	\$1,078,270	0.26626	0.38272	0.64898
100% Supported by I&S Tax Rate	\$ 1,437,694	0.35501	0.38272	0.73773